OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The *CONSTITUTIONAL JOURNAL.*

By JEFFREY BROADBOTTOM, *of* Covent-Garden, *Esq*;

SATURDAY, APRIL 14, 1744. [No. 63.]

TO create Apprehenſions at home and abroad, have ever been Expedients the moſt ſucceſsful in *ſcreening Miniſters from Juſtice*, and *bringing Nations to Ruin*. Few M———rs have ever had the Addreſs to *trade in both*; but I will venture to ſay, that *public Liberty* never can be in ſuch jeopardy, as when *domeſtic Danger* is *wickedly pretended*, and *foreign Wars* are *wantonly provoked*.

Tacitus has an Obſervation, That *Plots, unſucceſsful, adds to the Power of an Adminiſtration:* As this Obſervation is confirmed by unvarying Experience, it has been known, that weak and wicked Adminiſtrations have cooked up Plots, which have been more eaſily defeated, than contrived. This magnified their own Importance; and, in the end, ſtrengthned their Power; in ſhort, a Plot is generally the Tub that is thrown out to the Whale; it ſerves to amuſe a People, who might otherwiſe be buſied in oppoſing the pernicious Deſigns of Miniſters, or examining into the real State of their Intereſts. We are told, that certain Animals, when cloſely hunted, p--- or d--g into the Eyes of their Purſuers, and ſo make a Shift to eſcape. This is the Caſe of a Miniſter who, apprehenſive that the Juſtice of his Country, however ſlow, muſt, in *the end*, overtake him, ſquirts a Plot full in the Faces of his Adverſaries, and makes ſhift to eſcape before the others have had time to clear their Eyes.

There is no Nation in the World where this dirty Expedient has been practis'd with ſuch Succeſs as in *England*. The People here have, in their own Diſpoſitions, an Abhorrence to low, dark Treachery of any kind; there is in their Tempers an Openeſs which deteſts and deſpiſes underhand Workings; and therefore they are of that Character, which makes them the more ſuſceptible of ſuch Arts; their Indignation is eaſily ſtirred; and their Paſſion ſeldom ſubſides before, like a puling Maid, they part with ſomewhat they never can recover. They then curſe their own Credulity, wonder at their own Eaſineſs, and are amaz'd at the groſs Artifices made uſe of to win their Belief.

The Reigns of *James* the Iſt, *Charles* the Iſt, and *Charles* the IId, are more deteſtible in this, than in any other Light. Their Miniſters never were at a Pinch but they ſtarted a PLOT. The firſt of thoſe Princes found Means to impoſe upon his People, before he came into *England*, the groſſeſt Cheat that ever bungling Politician invented; in the Caſe of *Gowrie*'s Conſpiracy; and upon that Pretext, exterminated the beſt and moſt gallant Family his Country could boaſt of. The brave *Raleigh* fell a Sacrifice in the ſame infamous Reign to another State Pannic propagated by *foreign* Counſels, and encouraged by conſcious Demerit. As to the Gun-powder-plot, the Wiſdom of our Church and State has appointed a ſolemn Thankſgiving for Deliverance on that Day, therefore I am bound to ſay nothing of it.

The firſt Step which *Charles* the Iſt took to forfeit the Confidence of his People, was the Plot with which he charged the five Members of Parliament: But, happily for the Liberties of the Nation, the Violence of his Proceedings defeated the Malignancy of his Deſigns. The Parliament however, as ſoon as it recover'd the Conſternation, demanded Satisfaction for the Injury that had been done to the Members of an *Engliſh* Legiſlature. The Miniſtry ſought to ſhelter themſelves under the Shade of ſovereign Authority; and to eſcape by an affected CANDOR, that worſt, and moſt dangerous of all M——l Masks. But the Commons of *England* had Spirit and good Senſe enough, not to be put off by courtly Arts. In their Declaration of *January* the 17th 1641, they declare, *That what the Court had publiſhed againſt them, was falſe, ſcandalous, and illegal*; *nay, that the publiſhing Articles againſt them was a* SEDITIOUS ACT. They farther declare, that the Privileges of Parliament and the Liberties cannot *be fully vindicated, unleſs his Majeſty diſcover the Names* of his Adviſers to this Step, that they may be puniſhed.

I ſhall not take up any time in laying before the Public, the vigorous Reſolutions of Parliament in Conſequence of this ſham Plot; nor how the Attorney General was impeached for no other Reaſon, but becauſe he had obeyed the King's Commands, in the Part he had acted in it; it is ſufficient to ſay, that the diſingenuous Part the Court acted upon this Occaſion, gave riſe to all the Calamities that ſoon after fell upon the King and the Nation. This was occaſioned by his Majeſty being prevailed upon to *lend his royal Word to countenance a Falſhood*; thus, by poiſoning that which ought to be the *Fountain of Truth*, the King was never able afterward to reconcile the People to an Opinion of his Sincerity: And with the moſt upright Intentions that ever any Prince naturally had, he fell a Martyr to politic Craft, and ill-conducted Diſſimulation.

The Reign of *Charles* the IId was filled with Plots, ſo groſly contrived, ſo violently proſecuted, and ſo cruelly retaliated on the beſt and moſt innocent of both Parties, that we may apply to this Period, what was ſaid of another, that *Murder was then commited by the Sword of Juſtice*.

The other Expedient I mentioned, employed by a wicked M———r, for the Purpoſes either of Safety or Ambition, is wantonly to provoke a foreign War. The Love which a free People has for Independency, upon every other Power, gives an A———n great Advantages: It brings the Public into a kind of Neceſſity to ſupport Government; whoſe Intereſts they know not how to detach from their own; and likewiſe preſents a flattering Scene of Glory to the thoughtleſs and ambitious. We have but a few Inſtances in Hiſtory wherein a People have had Reſolution enough, while they felt the Weight of a domeſtic Yoke, to look upon a foreign Enemy with Indifference. There is, however, in the *Roman* Hiſtory, one Example of that Kind.

Their Government having fallen into the Hands of ten Men, who, pretending to greater Patriotiſm than their Predeceſſors had ever diſcovered, added to the Chains, and encreaſed the Hardſhips of the People. Many warm Debates happen'd in the Senate, on Occaſion of a foreign War. For the *Sabines*, whom the *Romans* held as much in Contempt as we do the *French*, encouraged by the * Diſcontent at home, which ſprung from the unpopular Adminiſtration of the Government, had the Inſolence to invade their State: When their M———ry laid this Matter before the Senate, † a Motion was made *to take into Conſideration* THE STATE OF THE NATION. But this *Motion* was * over-ruled by the Government, principally through the Intereſt of the famous *Appius Claudius*, the moſt over-bearing Magiſtrate *Rome* had ever known. Upon which the *Country Party* threatned, that they would † appeal to the People; and hoped they would be heard *without Doors*, if they were not heard *within*. *Marcus Horatius Barbatus*, in particular, warmly told them; *You talk to us of a foreign War*,‡ *can any War be ſo intereſting to the People of* Rome, *as a War with thoſe who have ſubverted that Conſtitution, which they were created to amend.* The Adminiſtration fell into the State Cant of all Adminiſtrations on ſuch an Occaſion, (when they are conſcious of great Demerits) § *that this was no Time for making diſuniting Motions*; *that at preſent nothing ought to be minded but the War, now that the Enemy was at their Doors.*

Theſe plauſible Speeches might have weigh'd with a People, who leſs underſtood their own Intereſts, than the *Romans* did; but the latter refuſed to act againſt the Enemy. Nay, though they were fonder of Conqueſt than any People ever were known to be, yet they ſuffered themſelves rather to be conquered, than to ſwell the Pride and Power of their inſolent Government, by conquering for them. They thought that Victory abroad loſt its Luſtre and End, when their Liberties were precarious at home. In ſhort, their Reſentment was ſo violent, that they ſuffered themſelves to be conquered, ‖ *leſt any thing ſhould be ſucceſsful under ſo pernicious, ſo wicked, ſo deteſtable an Adminiſtration:* Nay, they even thanked their invading Enemies; becauſe their Invaſion put the Government under Difficulties, which required the Aſſiſtance of the *Country Party* to ſurmount.

This Defeat upon an Element, where the *Roman* Power had ever been Maſter, by Enemies whom they ever deſpis'd, and whom their Forefathers had ever beat, was diſgraceful to the Government, and dangerous to the Independency of *Rome*. But *Romans* knew no other end or purpoſe of Conqueſt, but the Preſervation and Safety of their Conſtitution: Glory and Power were but ſecondary Views, which in their Eyes periſhed with Liberty, and ſerved but to ſtrengthen the Hands of unjuſt Government, whenever Liberty is departed.

The very loweſt of a People, who know what Freedom is, will look upon themſelves as being concerned in the Juſtice, the Expediency, nay, the Management of their Wars. According to their Opinion of the Parties, whom they think to be the Springs of Action, ſo will the Behaviour of the loweſt Individual prove.

Of this we had a noble Inſtance in our late War with *France*. The Soldiers had an Opinion of their Generals; the Sailors of their Admiralty, and the

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* *Nec ipſe ſolum deſponderant animos ſed contemni cœpti erant a finitimis populis.* Liv. l. 3.

† *Poſtulando* (viz. *Lucium Valerium Petilium*) *ut de Republica liceret dicere.* Ibid.

* *Prohibentibus minacibus decemviris.* Ibid.

† *Dicturos ad populum ſi in Senatu per factionem non liceret.* Ibid.

‡ *Tanquam majus ullum populo Romano bellum ſit quam cum eis qui legum creandarum cauſa creati nihil juris in civitate reliquerant.* Ibid.

§ *Nunc demum quum hoſtes prope ad portas ſint civiles diſcordias ferant. In præſentia, omnia præter bellum omitti placere.* Ibid.

‖ *Ne quid ductu atque auſpicio Decemvirorum proſperius quam gereretur, vinci ſe per ſuum atque illorum diſcordias patiebantur* ——— *Hoſtibus belloque gratias habendas.* Ib.d.

of their Government; the Conſequence of was, that, the Soldiers obey'd, the Sailors , and the People paid, with Vigour and Chearfulneſs. The Nation ſaw, that Affairs were managed by a Cabal or Faction; for the Direction of the Admiralty was ſo impartial, that even the Queen's own Husband, being at its Head, could not prevent its being cenſured and removed for undue Diſcharge of Duty. The ſeaſonable Severity in that Branch of War, which forms the Force and Glory of the national Character, was attended with the beſt Effects; for the Sailors, who, had there been a partial Management at home, muſt, like the *Romans*, have ſuffered themſelves to be conquered, for their Enemies to eſcape) then never avoided Danger nor deſpair'd of Victory, becauſe they knew they were conquering *for themſelves and their Country.*

This Day is publiſh'd,

PROPOSALS for Printing in NUMBERS Weekly, Price Six pence, The HISTORY of ENGLAND, During the Reigns of King William, Queen Anne, and King George I. at the following Method, viz by Way of Text, the plain Matter of Fact, unobſtructed with Controverſy; and, by Way of Note, all the Important Illuſtrations that can be gather'd from the moſt Valuable State-Tracts of thoſe Times. Together with a Sketch of the Lives and Characters of ſuch Miniſters or Members of either Houſe, as appear to have been moſt Active in the Service of either Prince or People. The whole deriv'd from the beſt Authorities (both in Print and MS.) with ſo religious a Regard to Truth, as, we hope, will reſcue us from the National Reproach of being unable, through Party-Prejudice, to record our own Story. And to be introduced with a Preview of the Reigns of the Two Royal Brothers, Charles and James 2. in which are to be found the Seeds of the Revolution.

By an IMPARTIAL HAND.

Talemihi libitorius eſſo, ut neque carear, Mauoribus non corrumpatur, liber ſit, detque mihi veram Libertatem amici

Lucian. de conſcribend. Hiſt.

The firſt Number of this Work will be publiſh'd on Saturday the Twenty-eighth of this Inſtant, containing Three Sheets in Folio, upon a new Letter and good Paper.

N. B. The Work will be illuſtrated and adorned with Heads, Maps, Plans of Battles, and curious Medals; which will be deliver'd to the Subſcribers gratis.

Printed for T. Cogan, at the Middle Temple Gate; and T. Waller, at the Crown and Mitre, oppoſite Fetter-lane, Fleet-ſtreet; and to be had of J. Robinſon, at the Golden-Lion in Ludgate-ſtreet; where Subſcriptions are taken in; and by all Booksellers in Town and Country; to whom the Numbers will be duly ſent to the Houſes of thoſe who order them.

INTRODUCTION.

WHILE the great Movements of State are paſſing, they fill too large a Space, and form too mighty an Object, for every common Eye to take in: But when they are paſs'd, and fallen into Perſpective, though we cannot diſcern every Particular minutely, we become enabled to form a general Idea of the Whole; at leaſt, if we endeavour in earneſt to remove the Films of Prejudice from our Eyes, and ſuffer Truth to find an open and ready Entrance to our Hearts.

But here lies our great, our National Difficulty.

It is the Misfortune of almoſt every Engliſhman to be attach'd to ſome one Party or Faction, and to have ſubſcrib'd the Political Creed, which he found already eſtabliſh'd by his Leaders; whence all the Extravagances of that Party become his own; and if a ſecond Solomon was to ſit in Judgment upon them, it would give him as much Pain as an Inquiſition into his favourite Sins.

Thus, ſhould an Hiſtorian ariſe, who had Application to collect the beſt Materials, Capacity to comprehend, and Skill to digeſt them, Genius to animate his Work, and Integrity and Reſolution to decide upon every Character and every Fact, as Equity ſhould prompt, as Truth ſhould authoriſe, inſtead of making Converts, by the honeſt Exerciſe of his Talents, he would poſſibly make Enemies; and all the Sons among the Living would clamour in Behalf of the guilty Dead.

But ſhould ſo valuable a Man ever ariſe among us, I hope he would venture upon the Task, however difficult and diſcouraging, of reducing our ſhapeleſs Annals into Form and Concluſneſs, with a Spirit ſuperior to any ſuch ungrateful Conſequence.

As Fame is the only Reward which, in evil Times, Virtue hath to hope for; and Infamy is the only Puniſhment that Wickedneſs in High Places hath to apprehend, both ought to be diſtributed with an impartial, as well as impartial Hand: The Hiſtorian then ſits in the Seat of Juſtice: Before his Tribunal not only Miniſters, but Kings and Senates muſt make their Appearance; and if his Doom is righteous, it is alſo irreſiſtible.

This venerable Seat hath continued empty for ſo long a time, that the Awe which uſed to attend it is, in a manner, loſt; and the Great are become as inſenſible of Fame, as the Vulgar of Liberty.

Till it ſhall be fill'd as it ought to be, let me, therefore, be ſuffer'd to ſeat myſelf on the Footſtool at leaſt, to put overgrown indemnify'd Criminals in mind, that, tho' they derive their Titles from the Favour of the Crown, their Characters depend on their Behaviour to the People.

It is uſual to conſider the great Revolution, which took Place in the Year 1688, as a ſingle Act, or Interlude, which was complete in itſelf, and needed neither Prologue nor Chorus by way of Illuſtration.

But to me it appears rather as the grand Cataſtrophe of ſeveral Acts, conſiſting of a Multiplicity of Scenes, which began to open ſoon after the Reſtoration of King Charles II. and which, through a great Variety of Incidents, in a perplexed and irregular manner, made way almoſt continually, though inſenſible, for that important Event.

Notwithſtanding, therefore, ſo many different Writers have treated ſo amply on the Reigns of the two Royal Brothers, as All have been, more or leſs, poſſeſs'd with a Party Spirit, it is ſtill, perhaps, requiſite to give ſuch a Review of our public Tranſactions, during that Interval, as may ſerve to ſhew, how naturally and neceſſarily Oppreſſion from above, created Faction below, and Outrage begat Outrage, till Government itſelf became a ſecond time diſſolved, and the People had a ſecond Opportunity to ſecure both themſelves and their Poſterity from a Return of the like Calamities.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

GERMANY.

Vienna, April 1. The Courier Zuiner has lately been diſpatched to Prince Lobkowitz, with poſitive Orders to purſue the Spaniards into the Kingdom of Naples; ſo that it will not be long before it be known how far the Neutrality of the King of the Two Sicilies may be depended on. Another Courier was afterwards ſent with freſh Orders.

Private Letters from Breſlau intimate, that his Pruſſian Majeſty had declared to the Miniſters of England and Holland, who reſide at Berlin, that their Maſters had no Reaſon to take Umbrage at any of the Meaſures he had lately taken, for that he was firmly reſolved to undertake nothing that ſhould be prejudicial to the Treaty of Breſlau. Letters from Italy import, that Prince Lobkowitz had cauſed it to be declared to his Sicilian Majeſty, that he had received Orders from his Court to purſue the Enemies of the Houſe of Auſtria, even into the Center of his Dominions; that he flatter'd himſelf his Majeſty would not oppoſe his Paſſage; and that he had alſo very ſtrict Orders from the Queen his Miſtreſs, to cauſe an exact Diſcipline to be obſerved by his Troops, eſpecially if his Majeſty obſerved with the ſame Regularity, the Conditions of the Neutrality whereto he had engaged himſelf.

Ratiſbon, April 9. The following is a Scheme which is handed about here for the Evacuation of Bavaria. 'That the Queen 'of Hungary, upon the Inſtances of the States of the Empire, 'ſhould determine to withdraw her Troops from that Electorate, 'upon Condition, 1ſt, That ſhe ſhould reſerve the Liberty of 'cauſing them to return thither, as often as Neceſſity ſhould re-'quire them to take that Rout. 2dly, That no Part of the Re-'venues of the Country ſhould be employed in defraying the 'Charge of the War, but ſolely to the Support of the Sovereign, 'and to publick Expences. And, 3dly, That the two Parties 'ſhould apply themſelves to the Means of terminating their Dif-'ferences by the Way of an amicable Negociation.'

DENMARK.

Hamburgh, April 10. The Hamburghers ſend out this Year twelve Veſſels upon their Whale Fiſhery; and they ſailed this Morning for Greenland.

LOW COUNTRIES.

Liege, April 10. A large Lighter is fallen down the Maeze from Charville to Givet, loaden with Wool Sacks, which the French ſay are to be tranſported to Valenciennes, to be made Uſe of in a Siege. And on the 30th of March, 23 Waggons were ſent from Avennes to Maubeuge, loaden with Cannon Shot from 24 to 48 Pounders.

SCOTLAND.

Edinburgh, April 3. Major John Campbell the younger, of Mamore, was voted Member of Parliament by the Delegates of Glaſgow, Renfrew, and Dumbarton; but the Delegate for Rutherglen voted for the Hon. Mr. James Carmichael, and proteſted againſt Mr. Campbell's Election, as being under Age.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Northampton, April 4. On Thurſday laſt the County Infirmary for the Reception of ſick and lame Poor was opened here, when the Right Hon. the Earl of Northampton, Perpetual Preſident, the Earl of Halifax, and many of the Governors, the Gentry and Clergy of the County, went in Proceſſion, attended by the Mayor, Aldermen, &c. of the Corporation, in their Formalities, to the Pariſh Church of All-Saints, where an excellent Sermon was preached before them, ſuitable to the Occaſion, by the Rev. Dr. Grey, Rector of Hinton, to a very numerous and crowded Audience; and a Collection was made at the Church-Door, which amounted to the Sum of 54 l. 16 s. 11 d. 3 Farthings: After which they proceeded to the ſaid Infirmary, and admitted into it directly ſeveral poor Perſons, who, upon Examination, were found to be proper Objects of the ſaid Charity. There was a fine Appearance of Gentlemen and Ladies; and the whole was conducted with the greateſt Regularity, and to the higheſt Satisfaction of all preſent.

Briſtol, April 7. Several Privateers are already fitting out in our Port, to man whom Men enter very faſt, from the great Encouragement given them by his Majeſty.

This Day is publiſh'd,

(Price Two Shillings)

The SECOND EDITION of

A DEFENCE of the PEOPLE:

OR

Full CONFUTATION of the pretended FACTS advanc'd in a late HUGE, ANGRY *Pamphlet* call'd

FACTION DETECTED.

In a LETTER to the AUTHOR of that WEIGHTY Performance.

——— *Miſerum Fortuna Sinonem*
Finxit, Vanum, etiam Mendacemque Improba finxit.

— *Abandon'd Fellows never value the Shame of being detected, provided they think the Lye will be of ſome Service to them for a Day, or even for an Hour.*

Anſwer to the Remarks upon the *Craftſman*'s Vindication, *Page* 42.

Printed for J. Robinſon, at the Golden Lyon in Ludgate ſtreet.

LONDON.

It hath been remark'd, by the Obſervers of Times and Seaſons, that the late *Faſt Day*, was the *Anniverſary* of the *Coronation* of King *William* and Queen *Mary* in *England*, and of their *Proclamation* in *Scotland*.——Whence they ſhrewdly infer, That a certain Board ſtands very much in need of a REMEMBRANCER.

Whitehall, April. 10. A Meſſenger arrived laſt Night with Diſpatches from Admiral Mathews to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, of the 17th paſt, from Mahon Harbour, giving an Account that the Damages ſuſtained by his Majeſty's Fleet under his Command, as well in the late Engagement with the French and Spaniards, as in the ſubſequent Storms, being repaired, and the Ships fitted for the Sea, he propoſed to ſail again from thence the Day following.

Thoſe Letters likewiſe bring Advice, that the Admiral had thought Himſelf obliged to ſuſpend Vice-Admiral Leſtock, in Regard to his Conduct in the late Action, from all farther Authority in his Majeſty's Fleet, till the King's Pleaſure ſhould be known, and that he had ordered the ſaid Vice-Admiral to return Home immediately on board his Majeſty's Ship the Saliſbury.

His Majeſty's Ship the Fox, Capt. Erſkine, arriv'd laſt Monday at Portſmouth from Oporto, together with a Spaniſh Privateer, carrying ninety-three Men, which ſhe had taken.

There is Advice from Marſeilles, that the Packet-Boat from Port-Mahon was detain'd at that Place.

The Lords of the Admiralty have, we hear, appointed a Convoy to ſail for Hamburgh the 11th of May next.

Private Letters from Copenhagen ſay, that the Court is exceſſively jealous of the Deſigns of France at the Courts of Moſcow and Stockholm.

Some private Advices from Franckfort intimate, that ſome new and great Deſign is there upon the Anvil. His Imperial Majeſty ſpeaks as if he was ſure to recover his Country, and it is conceiv'd he removes to Nuremburgh from that Proſpect. It is doubted whether the Heſſian Intereſt is ſo good here as it was; but it is aſſerted, that his Pruſſian Majeſty has given the Emperor ſtill ſtronger Aſſurances than ever.

We hear from Newmarket, that the late Meeting there was the largeſt that has been known for many Years, there being near 300 Noblemen and Gentlemen in the Subſcription-Book; and that a great Match is to be run next April Twelvemonth, between two Colts (of three Years old now) one of his Grace the Duke of Ancaſter's, againſt one of Mr. Panton's for 1000 Guineas.

Tueſday two Chimney-Sweepers and a Woman were taken up in Gardeners-Lane, Weſtminſter, for divers Robberies lately committed by them in the ſaid City; they have impeach'd ſome of their Confederates.

Letters from Italy ſay, that a Party of the Auſtrians, under the Command of Prince Lobkowitz, had fallen in with the Baggage of the Duke of Modena, near Aſcoli, and carried it off, after a ſmart Engagement with the Spaniards that guarded it.

On Wedneſday the 4th Inſtant Sir Coventry Carew, Bart. was elected Knight of the Shire for the County of Cornwall, without Oppoſition. The brave and vigorous Stand which the Freeholders of this County have ſo remarkably made againſt the coalited Operation of the Court Party, who employ'd all undue Influence, by every Inſtrument of Power, to dictate a Repreſentative to them, and who, if not thus ſeaſonably check'd, would have invaded the Freedom and Indepency of every other County, has not only gain'd thoſe Freeholders immortal Honour, but has rais'd a Spirit in the COUNTRY INTEREST to imitate this glorious Example in every Part of the Kingdom.

The following Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, and Juſtices of the Peace of the County of Cornwall, has been preſented to his Majeſty by the Right Hon. the Lord Edgecombe, and Sir John St. Aubyn, Bart. one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, who were introduced by his Grace the Duke of Manchester, one of the Lords of his Majeſty's Bed-Chamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, and Juſtices of the Peace of the County of Cornwall, March 22, 1743-4.

Moſt gracious Sovereign,

WE your Majeſty's moſt faithful Subjects, the High Sheriff, Grand Jury, and Juſtices of the Peace of the County of Cornwall, beg Leave to approach your Majeſty, upon this critical Occaſion, with Hearts full of Loyalty and Affection to your Royal Perſon and Government, and with the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances of ſupporting your Majeſty, with our Lives and Fortunes, againſt any Attempts that may be made to invade theſe Kingdoms, in Favour of a popiſh Pretender to your Majeſty's Throne.

And tho' we lament our not having an earlier Opportunity of offering our Tribute of Zeal and Duty, there being no County more ſincerely attached to your Majeſty's Royal Family and Government, or that would be more forward in their Service; yet it affords us this peculiar Advantage, that we can now, with the greateſt Satisfaction, congratulate your Majeſty upon the full Teſtimony which the late raſh Enterprize of France has produced to your Majeſty and the whole World, that a King of Great Britain, reigning in the Hearts of a free People, is ſo ſecurely ſeated upon his Throne, that, tho' Endeavours of this Kind may for a while alarm, they can in the End prove deſtructive only to thoſe who are ſo raſh as to preſume, that a Nation, ſo paſſionately fond of Liberty, will yield to arbitrary and deſpotick Power.

And we beg Leave farther to aſſure your Majeſty, that we are fully ſenſible, that, under the preſent happy Eſtabliſhment and Government only, the Liberties of theſe Kingdoms can be ſecure; and we apprehend every Meaſure which may conciliate the Minds of your Majeſty's Subjects to your Perſon and Government, will be abſolutely neceſſary at this Time; and we ſhall be watchful and diligent, in our ſeveral Stations, to recommend Principles of Loyalty and Affection, and, as far as in us lies, diſcountenance and ſuppreſs all wonton Endeavours to diſturb the ſettled Peace and Tranquility of our County.

To the Gentlemen, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Cornwall.

I *Take this early Opportunity of returning you my moſt ſincere and grateful Acknowledgments, for the Honour you have done me, and of aſſuring you that I ſhall make it my conſtant Endeavour to diſcharge the high Truſt you have repoſed in me, with the ſtricteſt Care and Fidelity.*

I am, Gentlemen,
Your moſt obliged,
And faithful Servant,
COVENTRY CAREW.

Advices from Paris, which came by the laſt Hague Gazette, inform us, that Letters were arrived there from Rome, importing that the Pretender was preparing to ſet out for France with all his Houſhold.

Laſt Tueſday 7-Night Signior Pietro Andrea Capello, Ambaſſador from the moſt ſerene Republick of Venice to the King, delivered to his Grace the Duke of Newcaſtle, one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State, a Paper, intimating that the Senate had not only given him Orders, but likewiſe the Venetian Ambaſſadors at Vienna, Paris, and Madrid, to declare that the Republick is one of thoſe Powers that have never acknowledged as King of England the Perſon called and treated as ſuch at Rome, and that it is determined never to depart from the Maxims upon which, in that reſpect, it has hitherto acted.

The Tuſcany, Capt. Sprackling, arriv'd in the Downs, in five Weeks Paſſage from Leghorn; who coming up the Channel retook the Nancy, Capt. Briggs, from Santa Cruz, who was juſt before taken by a Spaniſh Privateer; there were on board nine Spaniards and two Engliſhmen. The Day that the Tuſcany arriv'd in the

Dennis, there was 24 per Cent. Insurance given upon her, on Account of a Report that was spread, that a Ship from Leghorn was arrived into Havre, laden with Oil, &c. which answer'd to the Description of her Loading.

The Richard, Capt. Woolsen, from London for Gibraltar, lying close under Land, the Fort took her for a Privateer, and firing upon her, struck her between Wind and Water, which obliged Capt. Woolsen to cut, and run into Dover to refit.

It is said that the Fleet under the Command of Sir Charles Hardy, which will sail for the Mediterranean the first fair Wind, consists of one Man of War of 100 Guns, three of 90, four of 80, one of 70, one of 60, and one of 50, besides a Bomb-Ketch, &c.

They write from Liverpool, that three Privateers are fitting out at that Port with great Diligence.

By a Ship arriv'd at Charles-Town in South-Carolina from Providence we have Advice, that a small Privateer Schooner, belonging to Barracoa on Cuba, with four Carriage Guns, several Swivels, and thirty-five Men, has taken two Sloops belonging to Providence, and drove a third ashore. She took several fine Negro Slaves from Harbour Island and Isla Thierra, where they had been to saw Planks.

Wednesday Morning his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland was on the Parade, to see upwards of six hundred Recruits for the Guards in Flanders march off in order to embark.

The Bill for laying a Duty on Foreign Linnens is put off for two Months.

On Saturday the Right Hon. the Lord Baltimore, and Capt. Pelly, were elected Elder Brothers of the Corporation of the Trinity-House, in the Room of Admiral Cavendish and Capt. Snelgrave, both deceas'd.

The Court of Directors of the East India Company have chosen Samuel Feake, Esq; to be their Chairman, and Doding Braddyll, Esq; Deputy Chairman.

On Saturday Morning a Deserter from the French Service to the Dutch was led through the City in his Way to his Regiment, now lying in Essex, and hang'd for deserting them also.

On Friday 7-Night two Footpads attack'd a Gardener on the King's Road to Chelsea, and cut and beat him in a barbarous Manner, but some Horsemen coming up, the Villains made off without taking his Money.

BANKRUPTS.

Richard Hutchings the elder, late of Woolmistone in Somersetshire Yarn-Washer.

Sarah Bothell, late of Castle-Street Southwark, Surry, Baker and Chapwoman.

Richard Wogan, of Deptford in Kent, Brewer.

Thomas Geheen, late of Broad-Street, London, Merchant and Mariner.

This Day is publish'd,

(Price One Shilling and Six-pence)

THE ASTROLOGER. A COMEDY. As it was *once* acted at the Theatre-Royal in Drury-Lane.

Men are Prodigals to their Follies, but Misers to their Virtues. Astrol. P. 3.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster Row.

This Day is publish'd,

A Letter to a Friend in the Country, occasioned by the late Naval Engagement in the Mediterranean. In which the Strength of the respective Fleets are fairly stated and compared; the Designs of the French and Spaniards explained; and the Consequences of that Battle set in their true Light.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is publish'd,

(Price Stitch'd Two Shillings)

(Which compleats the Twelve Months)

THE MODERN HUSBANDMAN: Or, the Practice of Farming. For the Month of April.

CONTAINING,

I. A Case, shewing how a large Field was sown with Barley, in a wrong Manner, and how a Farmer lost most of his Crop by it in 1743. II. Of Sowing Barley, Pease, Thetches, and Turnep-seed, &c. by the Dutch Plough. III. A further Account of the famous Bustard Wild Fowl. IV. The Benefit of Sowing Sprat Barley in a particular Soil, and the Use of the Draught Plough for the same. V. Of a small cheap Tool, that prepares Wheat, Barley, Oats, Pease, common Horse-beans, Tick-Beans, and Thetch-seed, in such a Manner, that a Farmer may get the best Seed by it. VI. Several Accounts of Improvements, from divers Parts of this Kingdom, published for the Imitation of others.

With many other curious, serviceable Matters, never before published. *By* WILLIAM ELLIS, *a Farmer of* Little Gaddesden, *near* Hemstead *in* Hertfordshire.

Printed for, and sold by T. Osborne in Gray's-Inn, and M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater noster-Row.

N. B. *As this Month of April compleats the Twelve Months, those Gentlemen that have purchased any of the former, are desired to compleat their Sets, by the First of June, after which Time, no single Numbers will be sold separate. Compleat Sets may be had, in Five Volume. Price bound* 1*l.* 11*s.* 6*d.*

This Day is Publish'd,

(In Three Volumes in 12mo)

THE TRAVELS and ADVENTURES of Mademoiselle de RICHLIEU, Cousin to the present Duke of that Name, who made the Tour of Europe, dressed in Men's Cloaths, attended by her Maid Lucy, as her Valet de Chambre.

Now done into English from the Lady's own Manuscript, by the Translator of the Memoirs and Adventures of the Marquis of Bretagne and Duke of Harcourt.

Printed for M. Cooper, in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is publish'd,

In small Octavo, correspondent to the Author's other Works.

The DUNCIAD COMPLETE.

Corrected throughout, and Illustrated with a NEW HERO.

With all the Additions to the Poem and Notes. Vol. III. Part I. to be had Separate, or with the Second Part. Price Three Shilling.

Printed for R. Dodsley, in Pall-mal; and sold by M. Cooper, in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is publish'd, Price 6 *d.*

A Discourse on antient and modern LEARNING. *By the late Right Hon.* JOSEPH ADDISON, *Esq;*

In which this great Author sets several Passages of Homer, Aristophanes, Theophrastus, Horace, Virgil, Ovid, Lucan, Demosthenes, Cicero, and of several English Authors, in such a new and beautiful Light, according to his usual masterly Manner, as has not been done by any other Author whatever. Now first publish'd from an Original Manuscript of Mr. Addison's, prepared and corrected by himself. The Third Edition.

Printed for Joseph Davison, at the Angel in the Poultry.

Where may be had,

The Works of Horace and Virgil, translated into English Prose.

N. B. The Eclogues, Georgics, and Æneid, may all of them be had separate.

April the 1st was publish'd,

(Price Six-pence)

THE GENTLEMAN's MAGAZINE for March, 1744.

Containing *truly* more in Quantity, and greater Variety than any Book of the Price, viz. Debates and Proceedings in P——t. Originals in Prose and Verse, curious, learned, and diverting. Essays from the best Papers. Scheme of the Comet, by Mr. Wright. Great Trial of Annesley, &c. Abridged. Historical Affairs. Mr. Trevor's Memorial to the States General, and their Answer. The French King's Declaration of War, and his Majesty's. The Address of the Merchants of London, signed by upwards of 500, with their Names alphabetically. The Quakers and Dissenters Addresses, those from the Universities of Oxford. The Account from Admiral Matthews, as publish'd by Authority, compared with other Accounts, explain'd, supplied, and *corrected*, even as to the Day of the Fight. *By* SYLVANUS URBAN, *Gent.*

Printed for E. Cave, at St. John's Gate.

This Day are Published,

(Price Two Shillings and Six-pence sew'd)

ORIGINAL Papers relating to the Expedition to PANAMA.

Magna est veritas, & prevalebit.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

Where may be had,

1. An Account of the Expedition to Carthagena, with Explanatory Notes and Observations.
2. Original Papers relating to the Expedition to Carthagena.
3. Original Papers relating to the Expedition to the Island of Cuba.

Just published,

AN ESSAY on the SCHEME and CONDUCT, Procedure and Extent of Man's Redemption. Wherein is shewn from the Holy Scriptures, that the great Work is to be accomplished by a gradual Restoration of the human Nature, as well as of Nature in general to its primitive State. To which is annexed, A Dissertation on the Design and Argumentation of the Book of Job. *By* WILLIAM WORTHINGTON, *M. A. Vicar of* Blodwel *in* Shropshire.

Printed by E. Cave at St. John's Gate, 1743-4, and sold by G. Straghan in Cornhill; J. Rivington in St. Paul's Church-yard; J. Shuckburgh in Fleet-street, and J. Fox in Westminster-Hall.

Where may be had, just publish'd,

A Voyage to Georgia in the Year 1735, by F. Moore, Author of the Travels into Africa.

Last Saturday was publish'd,

Eight Sheets for 6 *d. of* NUMB. IV. *And this Day is publish'd,* Numb. V. *of*

BISHOP *KENNET*'s Historical Register and Chronicle of English Affairs, before and after the Restoration.

N. B. Among other Affairs this will contain, an account of the opening the Parliament; Fast Sermons; Death of Dr. Hammond; Thurlo's Letter to General Montague, from a MSS. of Lord Sandwich; the Commons Letter to the King, the City Present; loyal Behaviour of the Fleet; Case of Col. Ingolsby; a Letter from Mr. Dute about the Jews; the Scots putting the King in Mind of the Covenant; Richard Cromwell's Letter to the University of Oxon; Lord Stafford being sent to the King to take off the penal Laws against Papists; account of Proclaiming the King; the Quaker's Address; Presbiterian Divines Desires, the King curing the Evil, &c.

Printed for W. Bickerton, in the Temple-Exchange Fleetstreet.

This Day is publish'd,

(Price in Sheep, 1*s.* 6*d.* in Calf, 2*s.*)

THE VIRGINS NOSEGAY; or, the Duties of Christian Virgins. Digested into succinct Chapters, and stated under Three Principal Heads; viz. I. Truths which they are indispensably oblig'd to know. II. Vices which they ought to avoid. III. Virtues which, of Necessity, they ought to practice, in order to be happy in this World, and blessed for all Eternity.

To which is added, Advice to a New-married Lady. *By* F—— L——, *Esq.*

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is publish'd, Price 1*s.* 6*d.*

THE COMPLAINT: Or NIGHT-THOUGHTS. Night the Sixth. The Infidel Reclaimed, in Two Parts. Containing the Nature, Proof, and Importance of Immortality. Part I. Wherein, among other Things, Glory and Riches are particularly considered.

Humbly Inscribed to the Right Hon. Henry Pelham, First Lord Commissioner of the Treasury, and Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Printed for R. Dodsley, at Tully's Head, in Pall-Mall, and sold by M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is publish'd,

(Price One Shilling)

AN Authentic ACCOUNT of the Intended Invasion by the Chevalier's Son; his Majesty's Messages to both Houses of Parliament on that Occasion; the principal Addresses, all the Letters and Papers published at Home and Abroad; as also the vigorous Methods taken by the Government to destroy the Design, by suppressing any Insurrections from Papists, with the Declaration they are obliged to sign, and the Oaths they are to take, or retire Ten Miles from London.

Sold by M. Cooper, in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is publish'd,

(Price One Shilling)

THE QUEEN of HUNGARY's DECLARATION. In which is contain'd, A Plan for adjusting the Claims of the Powers at War, and settling the Public Tranquility of Europe.

Printed for M. Cooper, at the Globe in Pater-noster-Row.

This Day is published, Price 1 *s.* 6 *d.*

(Part Second and Last)

THE MUSE in GOOD HUMOUR: Or, a Collection of Comic Tales, &c. by Dryden, Gay, Sedley, Cobb, and other eminent Poets. Together with Original's, viz.

The Royal Cuckold.	The Incubus.
The Involentary Sinners.	The Equivocation.
Grace before Meat at a Christening	The Journal of a modern Lady.
Grace after Meat.	The Crab-Tree.
The Happy Night.	Hold that below.
The School of Wit.	Work for a Cooper.
Daphnis and Chloe.	The Ball.
The Best in Christendom.	The Mad Dog.
Et Cetera	The Old Chuff.
Shocky and Towzer.	The Game of Putt
The Impossible Thing.	A Cure for Love.
The Parson's Daughter.	To a young Gentleman in Love.
The Leaky Vessel.	The Bashful Lover.
The Credulous Husband.	The Duck
The bad Bargain on both Sides.	They will do it.

Printed for J. Noble, at Dryden's Head, in St. Martin's near Leicester-Fields, and sold by Mr. Robinson in Lombard-Street, Mrs. Cooper in Paternoster-Row, Mr. Cook and Mrs. Nutt in the Royal Exchange, Mrs. Dod without Temple Bar, Mr. Dodsley in the Temple-Exchange, Mr. Chappelle in Grosvenor-street, and Mr. Steidel in New Bond-street.

This Day is publish'd,

In a Neat Pocket Size, Done up in fine Gold Embossed Paper and Gilt on the Leaves,

The FOURTH EDITION of

A Short TREATISE on the Game of WHIST, (as play'd at Court, White's and George's Chocolate-houses, at Slaughter's and the Crown Coffee-houses, &c. &c.) containing the Laws of the Game, and also some Rules, whereby a Beginner may, with due Attention to them, attain to the playing it well.

Calculations for those who will Bet the Odds on any Point of the Game then playing and depending.

Cases stated, to shew what may be effected by a very small Player in Critical Parts of the Game.

References to Cases, viz. at the End of the Rule how you are directed to find them.

Calculations, unerring with Mural Certainty, how to play well any Hand or Game, by shewing the Chances of your Partner's having 1, 2, or 3 certain Cards.

With Variety of Cases added in the Appendix. Price 2*s.*

N. B. *At the particular Desire of several Lovers of Quadrille the Laws of the Game are printed on a fine Imperial Paper, fo[r] Framed or made Screens of, that the Players may have them [at] to refer to, if any Dispute should arise. Price* 2*s.* 6*d.*

A short Treatise on the Game of BACKGAMMON: Containing a Table of the 35 Chances, with Directions how to find out the Odds of being hit upon single or double Dice Rules, whereby a Beginner may, with due Attention to them, attain to the playing it well.

The several Stages for carrying your Men home, in order to bear never a Point.

How to find out who is forwardest to win a Hit.

Cases stated for Back-Games, with Directions how to play for One.

Cases stated how to know when you may have the better of playing a Gammon by Running.

Variety of Cases of Curiosity and Instruction: The Laws of the Game. Price 2*s.* 6*d.*

An Artificial MEMORY; or, an easy Method of assisting the Memory of those that play at the Game of Whist. To which are added, several Cases not hitherto published. Price 1*s.* 6*d.*

A short Treatise on the Game of PIQUET, directing with most Certainty how to discard any Hand to Advantage; by shewing the Chances of taking in any One, Two, Three, Four, or Five certain Cards.

Computations for those who Bet their Money at the Game. And the Laws of the Game.

To which are added,

Some Rules and Observations for playing well at CHESS.

All by EDMOND HOYLE, Gent.

Printed for F. Cogan, at the Middle Temple Gate, Fleetstreet.

The GRAND SPECIFICK *for cleansing and strengthening the* REINS, &c.

A Medicine that hath gain'd so much Reputation for these many Years it has been published, that not one of the many Pretenders to cure the like Cases, has at all hinder'd the just Reputation this first and only Specifick for these Purposes hath obtained by its most Noble Effects; for it doth not only cure them with the Cases, which no other Medicine can, but in every ordinary Case, one Bottle will do more real Good than four, that are sold by any of the common Pretenders, as has been sufficiently attested by many Persons of Worth and Reputation that they have found the desired Effects, and declared it to Mr. Swedwell.

It may be certainly depended on as absolutely effectual, for carrying off by Urine, safely and speedily, all the Remains of pernicious unskilfully prepar'd Mercurials, Gleets or Weaknesses, thro' tedious ill managed Cures of the Venereal Disease, or from self-Pollution, inordinate Copulation, &c.

Also any Weaknesses of the Vessels from Wrenches, Strains, Blows or Falls; and all other obstructions in the Urinary Passages, even Stranguries, Ulcers &c. are perfectly cured by it, be they of ever so long standing: Which Reliefs and Ailments are in a few days discovered by these following Symptoms, viz. Weakness and Pain in the Back, a Sharpness in the Urine, its Stone Smell, Flakes or Hairs as it were floating about in it, and in some too frequent Occasion to make it.

This Noble Specifick is also of singular and very extraordinary Use and Efficacy, where there is any Gravel, or even small Stones, Slime, or any other Matter that bilitates the Urine, bringing it away in a few Times taking, with Ease, as has been happily experienced by great Numbers of both Sexes, and particularly by a Gentleman whose Case has for of en been a month out of the Advertisement, by a Certificate of his Cure, who on taking but a little of it voided above an Ounce of Gravel, and was cured of an insupportable Pain about his Loins, &c. by a short Continuance of it.

It also strengthens and recovers, after a particular Manner all Relaxations of the Vessels, confirms the Parts, bringing all into right Order, and thereby perfects the Cure to Admiration. It's a very pleasant Medicine, and will be found of uncommon Benefit to Mankind, beyond Expectation, which is the Reason of its being made publick, and to obviate the Ignorance of Pretenders in all the difficult Cases above mentioned.

Sold for 7*s.* 6*d.* the Bottle, at Mr. Sandwell's Position at the Sign of the Griffin the Corner of Bucklersbury in the Poultry.

Scotch Warehouse

WHEREAS great EFFORTS have been made by the Encouragers of the British Linnen MANUFACTURE, to bring the Publick into a Dislike of the Scotch Linnens, as if Inferior in their Nature, this is to inform the Publick, that any Person may be convinced of the contrary by ocular Demonstration, upon coming to the Ware-house, and that the bad Reports are propagated by those whose Interest it is to destroy, not to discourage, but to destroy the British Manufacture, in Favour of the Dutch and Germans. For it is certain, that the Linnens of the Scotch Manufacture are brought to such Perfection, that a Scotch Ell can be sold this Year at the Scotch Warehouses at Charing-Cross and Cornhill, at 2s. 6d. per Yard, that is of a better Fabrick of the same Goodness, a much more durable Linnen, and equal in Fineness to Dutch sold at 2s. 6d. per Ell; these at 4s. per Yard better than the Dutch at 5s. 6d. per Ell; these of other Pieces being in Proportion. It is true indeed, that it is a common Practice among many Dealers, to palm the worst Kind of foreign Linnen on the Publick for Scotch; but as the Buyer will be attentive to his Interest, it is impossible to be imposed on, for at the End of every Piece of Scotch Linnen, there is a red Thread that traverses the Breadth, and forms as many Checks as there are Hundreds of Threads in the Cloth; this Mark being wrought into the Cloth, and not sewed, cannot be counterfeited.

ANTISYPHILICON

THE only sure and most infallible CURE in the Universe for the *Venereal Disease* from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

For it settles, and cures Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with the nauseous Relicks, on one Hand, or a feminal Gleet, or Weakness, to happen on the other.

And tho' it is a very acute Degree of the *French Disease*, attended with no less than seven several Breakings out, and all other the most excessive Symptoms, or soon overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Fumigations, or any other Method whatever, and in a far easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or any Inconvenience, as loudly to bespeak at the most apparent Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and that some Thousands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Disorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accomplished, without the least Notice of one's ail Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury may, by only a Dose or two of it, be presently freed from all Apprehensions; for it effectually destroys Venom to its last to the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All Such, likewise, as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may by a few Doses of it, entirely free themselves from all Complaints of that Kind; or it admits of no Foulnels, Corruption, or Distraction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, of that Account, to all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Excrescences of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this most noble *Antisyphilicon* is but six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient in most Cases, to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is appointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown, against St. Clement's Churchyard, in the Strand, ready sealed up, with a Book of Instructions, be the Perusal of which all Persons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Disease* may perfectly understand their own Conditions, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Taint* is entirely rooted out of their Bones. Note, *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Sea-ey.*

The Incomparable POWDER for Cleaning the TEETH,

Has withstood, by its most excellent and known Virtues, the Attempts of many repeated Counterfeits; therefore pray take Notice, that the only true, effectual, and Original Powder, is sold no where else, but as mention'd below.

IT has given surprising Satisfaction to most of the Gentry and Nobility in England, near 40 Years last past, that it has been published, and vast Quantities of it sold ever since.

It is to be only at Mrs. Wharton's Toyshop, the Blue coat Boy, near the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill; and at Mrs. Markham's Toyshop, the Seven Stars, now (since the fire) in Crane-court, Fleet-street, and St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet-street, and no where else in England, at 1s. each Box.

N. B. Every Book is sealed up with the right Papers, for the Shop Mrs. Markham removed from has a Target the Seven Stars for its Sign.

As it once using makes the Teeth as white as Ivory, the ever using of it most perfectly preserves them from rotting or decaying, continuing them found to exceeding old Age. It wonderfully cures the Scurvy in the Gums, prevents Gums from exfoliation, kills the Worms at the Roots of the Teeth, and effectually hinders the Tooth-ach. It admirably fastens loose Teeth, being a most choice Medicine, of a pleasant and grateful Scent, and in Virtue far exceeds any Thing ever yet found out for those Purposes.

The LIP-SALVE,

Which is to be had at the same Place, after so many Years large Experience, and what Numbers sadly exposed any of the many Contending, for its real Perfection, is sold at the same Price as the Box.

For in two or three Hours time it heals them, though never so rough or chapt, prevents the Skin from peeling, and makes them delightfully plump and sweet, giving them a becoming ruddy Colour, the Fragrancy of its Odour also renders the Breath fine and sweet, and it may be eaten for its Safety.

CONSUMPTIONS of all Sorts; ASTHMA's And all Disorders of the BREAST and LUNGS, Directly and Infallibly cured, By the Great CHYMICAL ELIXIR,

WHICH has restor'd so many Thousands labouring under the deepest Consumptions and most deplorable Asthma's to perfect Health and Strength in a few Days time, after all other the most celebrated Methods and Medicines had been try'd in vain.

It at once strikes at, and absolutely eradicates the first Principle or Cause of Consumptions, whether of the Lungs or of any other Kind, as also of Asthma's or shortness of Breath, reduces the vicious Ferment of the Blood and Juices, corrects the acrid Salts which erode the Lungs, frees them from all obstructing Viscosities, and does more real Good in one Day than any other Medicine whatever can in Ten.

It assuredly retrieves the Patient, tho' reduc'd to a meer Skeletor and immediately cures the most tedious wasting and almost suffocating Cough, Hoarseness, Wheesing, shortness of Breath, difficulty of Breathing, pain or weight in the Breast, spitting of Blood, soreness of the Stomach, Throat, or Windpipe; also Catarrhs or Defluctions of sharp Rheum, and all Pulsical and Asthmatick Effects Hectick Fever, Melting Night Sweats and Diarrhœa's or Looseneſſes in a pleasant and most agreeable Manner.

It is balsamick, healing and strengthening beyond Comparison, restores in all inward wastings, weakness, and Decay of Constitution whatever, perfectly cures Ulcers in the Lungs or in any other internal Part, causes free and easy Respiration or long Breathing, and speedily and infallibly cures Asthma's and all sorts of CONSUMPTIONS, be they ever so bad, without the least Disorder, Trouble or Confinement; and is indeed the only true Remedy that can be surely depended upon for the intire Cure of those Maladies.

Nor can the whole Materia Medica, afford a quicker or more certain Cure for common Coughs and Colds; but the great Character this most noble *Chymical Elixir* has so justly gain'd, for the direct and infallible Cure of *CONSUMPTIONS* and *ASTHMA's*, &c. has occasion'd many Attempts to counterfeit it; be careful therefore to have the Right which is to be had only at Mr. *RADFORD's* Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions and at no other Place in *England*.

The so-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, so as never to return again be they ever so severe, or of many Years standing, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual; and that by immediately striking at the very Root or true Cause, as well as remedying the Effects, of those perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they mimick, by Turns, almost all the Diseases poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Rise from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigestion of Food, whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Disorders in the first Passages, ill Fumes, sour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneasiness in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Consent of Parts affect the Head, and produce sometimes Giddiness, Dimness of Sight, confused Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troublesome Sleep, Frights, groundless Fears, and the deepest Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehensions; at other times, Fits, flashing Heats, Reachings, Faintness, Lowness and Sinking of Spirits, Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulsive Disorders sharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakness in the Back, and others, almost innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miserably afflict vast Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their sharpest Paroxysms, these somuch fam'd and most pleasant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the most valuable Specificks in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms and exalted to the highest Degree of Perfection possible) instantly quell, and at the same time annihilate their real Cause, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digestion, occasioning laudable Chyle and, of course, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves; so that both Cause and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almost on the Spot, as the many Thousands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be sensible they are absolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and lasting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them, be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Hoit's, at the Cross-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions at large.

The most Delightful and Fragrant TINCTURE for the BREATH, TEETH and GUMS.

AT once using makes the BREATH most charmingly fine, sweet and pleasant, the TEETH perfectly white, clean and beautiful, and is the most certain Cure for the Scurvy in the GUMS in the World.

It infallibly preserves the Breath, Teeth and Gums, in their utmost Beauty and Perfection, if they are no ways disorder'd, and if they are, immediately rectifies all their Defects; for the same Minute it is used, it makes the most offensive Breath smell incomparably fine and charming, and in a short Time so effectually cures, that a disagreeable Breath will never return.

It instantly makes the blackest and most foul Teeth extreamly white, and delicately beautiful, infallibly preserves them from decaying, and those a little decay'd, from becoming worse; absolutely cures the Scurvy in the Gums, be it ever so inveterate, causing the Flesh to grow up to the Teeth again, when almost eaten quite away, and infallibly fastens loose Teeth to Admiration. It is to be used but a few Drops at a Time, is exceeding pleasant, and leaves a very grateful and delectable Flavour in the Mouth.

In a Word for most delightfully performing and quickly curing an ill-scented Breath, for immediately making the blackest Teeth most excellently white, certainly fastening them when loose, effectually preserving them from rotting or decaying, and infallibly curing the Scurvy in the Gums, it has not its Equal in the Universe, as all the Quality and principal Gentry who use it acknowledge.

It is to be had only at Mr. RADFORD's Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the EYES,

The so much fam'd CHYMICAL LIQUOR,

WHICH at once infallibly cures all Inflammation, Bloodshot, Soreness, and Weakness of the EYES, Defluxions of sharp Humours Dimness of Sight, Specks, Films, or beginning Cataracts and that after all other Means have fail'd, and without causing the least Trouble or Uneasiness in using.

It directly heals and cures all Manner of Soreness of the Eyes in Children or grown Persons, tho' of many Years Standing, be it either of the dry, itching and smarting Kind, or moist Rheumy or Watering, and whether proceeding from the Evil, or any other Distemper.

It effectually takes away all Specks, Films, or incipient Cataracts to Admiration, as also all Flies, or Gnats, that seem to swim before the Sight; it wonderfully strengthens the Optick Nerves, comforts the Eyes; immediately removes all Dazzling and Dimness, clearing the Sight, and infallibly preserving it strong and good to exceeding old Age.

Hundreds who were so very dim-sighted for some Years, as scarcely able to distinguish any thing, and imagin'd their Age to be the Occasion, have been perfectly and almost instantly cured by it, so as to read the smallest Print without Spectacles; and for Opthalmies or Sore, Bloodshot, or Rheumy Eyes, no Medicine upon Earth can come near it, Thousands of Men, Women, and Children, have been cured by it of the very worst sort almost upon the Spot, and Blindness been prevented in Abundance, who had tried all other Remedies in vain, insomuch that it may be almost accounted a miraculous Remedy.

No Family ought to be without it, nor ever will, after they have had but one Day's Experience of its admirable Efficacy.

It is to be had only by the Author's Appointment, at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Posts in Hay-son-Yard in the Minories London, at 3s. 6d. a Bottle with printed Directions.

An infallible Cure for BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *and* IMPOTENCY *in* MEN; *By* SUPERLATIVE ENLIVENING DROPS;

Which in a few Days render both Sexes Prolifick in a most wonderful Manner.

HUNDREDS of LADIES who were deemed incurably barren, and very many who thought themselves too old to bear Children, have immediately conceived after taking three or four Doses of them only; and vast Numbers of Gentlemen, by taking them, have presently become capable of propagating their Species who before, through either Imbecility or Age, imagin'd it impossible.

They almost instantly renovate the vital Ferment of the Blood and Juices, rectify the languid State of all the Fluids, rouse, fortify, and invigorate the Spirits, invigorate the Nerves, restore juvenile Warmth, and cause a sparkling Gladness and ardent Courage to flow in the Heart, and expand itself through the whole human System, so sensibly to enliven and invigorate all the animal Faculties, and cure roborate or strengthen the whole Body, as well as the Parts appropriated to Generation; and do infallibly cure Barrenness in one Sex, and Impotency in the other, from what Cause soever proceeding, as Thousands have experienced.

They are also pleasant to take, are Cordial to the Stomach, procure an Appetite, and cause a good Digestion, beyond any thing known in the World. And are to be had only at Mr. Radford's Toyshop at the Rose and Crown against St. Clement's Church-yard in the Strand Price 5s. the Bottle, with Directions.

This Day is publish'd,

The Sixteenth Edition of

ONANIA: Or, The Heinous Sin of Self-Pollution, and all its frightful Consequences (in both Sexes) considered, with Spiritual and Phisical Advice to those who have already injured themselves by this abominable Practice.

As also the SIXTH EDITION of the SUPPLEMENT to it, both of them Revised and Enlarged, and now printed together in One Volume.

And as the several Passages in the former Impressions, that have been charged with being obscure and ambiguous, are in these cleared up and explained, there will be no more Alterations or Additions made to them.

These Editions contain some further and surprizing Instances of the Mischiefs by that filthy, sinful Commerce with ones self, which is so notoriously practised, as well by the Adult as Youth, Women as Men, Married as Single, to the weakning their Generative Faculties, and hindering Procreation, as their Letters of Complaint to the Author herein inserted, shew.

And, amongst others, a curious Letter from a Lady, with his Answer to it, concerning the Use and Abuse of the Marriage-Bed; together with divers Casuistical and other Letters from both Sexes, of some secret unnatural Effeminacies, necessary to be known both by the married and single of each Sex.

To which is added,

A Curious PIECE translated out of the Latin, from L. S. SCHMEDIER, as it is inserted in the Acta Lipsiensia; concerning the Return of the Seed into the Mass of Blood; well worth the Perusal of Physicians, Surgeons, Anatomists, and all others of Art and Curiosity.

As also Dr. QUINCY's Translation of Dr CARR's remarkable Answer to a Letter sent by a Divine, concerning two Nuns in Rome, reported to have changed their Sex.

Likewise Dr. DRAKE's and several other Physicians Opinions of Hermaphrodites and Women brought to a Reasonableness of them, by the Practice of Self-Pollution, as was the Case of a young Lady of 18, whose well-wrote Letter to the Author, describing and lamenting her Condition, is (in order to deter others) inserted.

A very grave and learned Divine and Physician having perused this Discourse, before it went to the Press, returned it with his Opinion of it in these Words

'This little Book ought to be read by all Sorts of People, 'of both Sexes, of what Age, Degree, Profession, or Condition 'soever, guilty or not guilty of the Sin declaimed against in it.'

Is now sold by J. Isaac, Bookseller, (Mr. CROUCH, Bookseller, in Pater-noster Row, being dead) at the Golden Bail, between St. Dunstan's Church and Chancery Lane, in Fleet-street. Price Bound 3s. 6d.

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